Party Platform Analysis

2021 Nova Scotia Provincial Election

PREPARED BY THE ECOLOGY ACTION CENTRE



Party Platform Analysis – 2021 Nova Scotia Provincial Election

As we face down the intersecting crises of climate change, rising inequity and biodiversity loss, we don't have time for leaders who are stuck in outdated ways of thinking about our environment and our economy. We need true leadership and political will to protect the communities and ecosystems we all love and rely on and ensure a future where everyone living in Mi'kma'ki/Nova Scotia can thrive.

This is why the Ecology Action Centre (EAC) has created this document. We've reviewed available environmental party platforms to provide a picture of where each party stands on a variety of critical environmental, biodiversity and climate issues. This analysis is not an endorsement of any of Nova Scotia's political parties or their candidates and is not a reflection of their previous work on the environment.

The targets and promises of each of the parties are taken from their platforms and/or websites, except where otherwise indicated. As of noon on Friday, July 30, the Liberal party platform plank on the environment had not been released but is expected to be released before Wednesday, Aug. 4. We have included excerpts from their website and we will update the analysis after the platform becomes available. The EAC obtained a full-length version of the PC platform by contacting their office.

	NDP platform	PC platform	Green platform	Liberal platform (webpage	EAC's Analysis
				only)	
				More	
Bold Climate	What we're calling for: Nova Scotia	has a legislated target to reduce	GHG emissions by 53 per cent be	low 2005 levels by 2030. In order	to get there, we need 90 per cent of our
Plan	electricity coming from renewable	sources by 2030, targets and ince	ntives for electric vehicles and a z	zero-emission vehicle mandate, ar	nd investments in energy efficiency and building
	retrofits. We also need to stop sper	nding money on outdated industr	ies that threaten our climate and	the long-term stability of our econ	nomy like offshore oil and gas, large scale
	biomass, and natural gas.				
Targets	Doing Nova Scotia's part to	Introduce Enviro-goals and	Immediately declare a climate	Commitment to get NS off coal	General:
	prevent catastrophic climate	Climate Change Reduction	emergency focusing all	by 2030	Current SDGA target passed by legislature:
	change by setting a new target to	Act, a new, ambitious bill that	government departments on		GHGs to 53% below 2005 levels by 2030 and
	reduce greenhouse gas emissions	will identify and showcase	climate change as a priority.		reach net zero GHG by 2050 (or a reduction in
	to 50 percent below 1990 levels	Nova Scotia as a world leader	This will include educating the		GHG output to 10.9 million tonnes of GHG
	by 2030	in adopting green energy	public and our children about		emissions).

	Phasing out coal by 2030.	measures and following climate-friendly sustainable development.	climate change, its impacts, and strategies to address Reduce our GHG emissions by 70% below 2005 levels by 2030 and achieve a net-zero carbon economy by 2045	NDP: These are strong targets. 50% below 1990 by 2030 equates to the same value as 58% below 2005 levels by 2030 or a reduction in GHG output to 9.8 million tonnes of GHG emissions by 2030. See details in renewables section below.
			Require that all of Nova Scotia's electricity would come from carbon-neutral sources by 2030	PC: Without detail or targets this can't be assessed. Green: These are very strong targets. See details in renewables section below. Liberal: Commitment to get NS off coal by 2030 is positive, but there are no details yet as to how.
Renewables & Electricity	Committing to 90 per cent renewable energy by 2030 Making provincial investments in research and development for battery storage and renewable technology. Reigning in Nova Scotia Power by writing 'climate change' into Nova Scotia Power and Efficiency Nova Scotia's mandates, studying the possibility of returning some or part of Nova Scotia Power to public ownership, and	80% of electricity must be supplied by renewable energy by 2030. PC's envisioned energy mix: Coal = 0% Natural Gas = 10% Domestic Hydro = 11% Biomass = 4% Wind = 40% Maritime Link = 9% Maritime Non Firm Market =16% Hydro Import = 10%	End exploration, drilling, and extraction of fossil fuels (including exploratory fracking) in Nova Scotia End all provincial subsidies to fossil fuel sectors Provide funding for the SolarHomes program to allow it to increase the rebate to \$1 watt and to continue after 2022	General:EAC in its electricity report envisions the target of 90% renewables/clean by 2030. NDP: 90% target aligns with what is achievable and needs to be done. Energy storage is key in this decade. NDP has plans for battery technology, which is definitely required. The idea of adding "climate change" to NSPI and ENS's mandates is a good step, however, legislative change would be more powerful with regulator mandates. Agree with stricter oversight.

	establishing stricter oversight—including higher penalties for performance failures, and baserate refunds for outages. Getting Nova Scotia on the path to 90% renewables by moving quickly to create regulations to allow for community-owned renewables and virtual net metering and working with communities to install their own renewable energy systems. Studying the possibility of returning Nova Scotia Power and the power grid to public ownership.				Community focused renewable energy is good and aligned with EAC's vision. PC: Target is 80%. We think this should be more ambitious. In PC's envisioned energy mix natural gas and biomass still feature at 10% and 4%. EAC would like to see both natural gas and biomass phased out. No mention of solar energy. No mention of battery/storage technologies. This is similar to NSP's base scenario projection. Also, it will be worthwhile to know this breakdown in capacity terms as opposed to energy terms. Green: Strong focus on phasing out of fossil fuels. Little detail on how to support renewables. Liberal: The Liberals have already announced target of
					All:
					None of the parties mention the Atlantic Loop. None mention removing biomass from the
					definition of renewables. Only Greens mention phasing out offshore oil and gas or natural gas.
Efficiency	Tripling Nova Scotia's energy	All new provincial buildings	Provide funding for Mi'kmaq	By providing incentives to	NDP:
,	efficiency targets.	must be net-zero.	communities to bring all of	households and businesses to	This is an ambitious target.
			their existing housing to net	invest in energy efficiency	_
	Introducing a step code designed		zero energy ready (NZER)	upgrades and electric vehicles,	PC:
	to bring new buildings to net-zero		standards within five years	we will begin to implement the	

	energy by 2032 and mandatory building and home energy efficiency disclosure. Creating and funding test sites for a deep retrofit strategy that would dramatically lower heating costs and GHG emissions with materials manufactured locally. Expanding municipalities' abilities to support retrofits and renewables in homes through a province-wide Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) programs.	The province will ensure that new provincial buildings are net-zero and that all major provincial building retrofits will be low-carbon, reducing embodied carbon and ensuring 75% of domestic office floor space (new leases and lease renewals) will be in net-zero carbon climate resilient buildings starting in 2030. As an incentive to encourage more environmentally-friendly developments, we will work with property developers to establish grants to reduce the increased cost that may be associated with building net-zero buildings.	Provide \$50 million per year in funding to Housing Nova Scotia, to enable energy efficiency retrofits to all social housing units (using local contractors) to bring them to NZER standards Make 100% of social housing Net Zero Energy Ready (NZER) by 2030	necessary change to protect our environment. We will continue to provide these rebates to ensure we leave a cleaner world for future generations.	The province does need to take the lead in making its buildings align with the Climate target but there still needs be a wider strategy for other buildings that provide affordable housing. In the Green Jobs report, EAC has recommended that all social housing be upgraded to Net Zero or Net Zero energy ready. This housing stock is managed by Housing Nova Scotia. If the Progressive Conservative platform included a goal of providing all the funding necessary for Housing Nova Scotia to retrofit all of its existing housing stock to be Net Zero Energy Ready as well as all other government buildings that would a good target. Green: This is the most clear and ambitious target of all platforms.
Sustainable transportatio n, EVs and electrification of transit	Creating strategies for the electrification of transportation and the elimination of energy poverty. Developing an electrification strategy which would include the electrification of public and private transportation as well as freight.	At least 30% of vehicles sold by 2030 to be zero-emission. Fund up to 50% of the cost of installation for Electric Vehicle Chargers			General: A strategy for electrification of the transportation sector is desperately needed. NDP: NDP is committing to a strategy decarbonizing heavy duty vehicles including public transportation, which is very positive. PC:

Just transition Resilient Communities	_	ng climate adaptation concerns ir	n all decision-making across all go	vernment departments. It means	The target is good. We would like to see a strategy for how to reach it. The funding for EV chargers is inadequate. (See cost analysis below.) Green: Electrification of transportation is not addressed NDP: Positive, but does not highlight how to transition existing workforces that rely on work from unsustainable industries like the operation of fossil fuel based electricity generation facilities. The plan also needs to include a focus on underrepresented community members in the just transition. PC: Do not address Green: Introducing a Just Transition Act is a positive step but there is need to include details on what will be in this act and how the act will be developed. Collaborating with affected communities should be central in developing the act. vibrant and accessible local food systems and that our coastal communities are protected from
Agriculture,	Establishing a food secretariat	Local food consumption will	Provide funding and training	Our investment in the	General:
Seafood, and Local Food Systems	and a new universal school food program.	be supported and encouraged, with the goal of 20% of the	provide funding and training programs for small-scale and urban farming	Agriculture Clean Technology Program will support farmers and food processors in	Support for climate-change adaptation is needed for agricultural and seafood sectors.

Creating a school food program that would provide at least one meal during the school day with an emphasis on foods that are locally, ecologically, and ethically produced, nutritious, and culturally appropriate.

Supporting procurement of local food in public facilities such as schools, hospitals, colleges and universities, and long-term care facilities.

Launching an updated campaign to encourage people to buy local food.

Supporting Indigenous-led food solutions and partnerships.

Creating a provincial food security secretariat in government that would work strategically across government departments and with communities, non-profits, and local farmers towards meeting strong food security and local food goals like protecting agricultural land.

Supporting farmers navigating the effects of climate change and

money spent on food by Nova Scotians being spent on locally produced food by 2030.

In determining how to reach our new target, we need to look at policies and infrastructure that support getting more local, healthy food into our public institutions. Those institutions can then be real models and advocates for how we can start to drive change. Our health and education sectors can

Lead.

One role for government is to facilitate the relationship between agriculture and these types of large institutions.

Another is to set policies that encourage local consumption by the public. Our Nova Scotia Loyal plan for the economy establishes a plan that would see a dramatic increase in the consumption of local foods as a result of participation in a loyalty rewards program.

Eliminate subsidies to large scale livestock and monoculture farming

Create a land trust program to make land affordable and accessible for new farmers, while preserving agricultural land

Ban the use of glyphosate in agriculture and forestry

Provide funding for small scale and urban farming initiatives to increase access to high quality, healthy, and fresh food across the province improving their operations. This includes adopting clean technologies that help reduce greenhouse gas emissions, improving energy efficiency, promoting sustainable and clean growth, increasing value-added agricultural production, extending growing seasons and improving costs of production.

We're incorporating more local food into our public facilities. We're also fostering the buy local movement across the province.

Seafood harvest and growing are key rural economic drivers and should be explicitly incorporated into local food positions.

Much of our agriculture and seafood processing industries are staffed now by Temporary Foreign Workers. We want to see path to residency.

We want to see an increase in support for local agriculture and seafood supply chains.

NDP:

Reference to creating a target, but no target is given in their platform.

Universal school food program, procurement of local in public institutions, climate related supports for farmers, improving Temporary Foreign Worker protections and benefits, and agricultural land protection are all positive.

PC:

Target aligns with what EAC has been asking for. Local food procurement in public institutions is positive. Would like to see more information connecting local food to climate mitigation and adaptation, as well as protection for agricultural lands.

Green:

The commitments to a land trust and supports to small and urban farmers are positive. There is a lack of attention to medium scale farming, supply chains, procurement, and seafood.

	working towards climate change mitigation.				
	Putting local food procurement and local farm growth goals back in Nova Scotia's environmental legislation.				
	Providing direct support for food processing, storage and distribution— this could mean community food hubs for distribution, storage and processing, and/or a mobile abattoir.				
	Supporting farming cooperatives, agricultural land trusts and incubator/ educational farms.				
	Proactively working on labour issues impacting the sector through partnerships with universities, NSCC, and other appropriate groups to improve the Temporary Foreign Worker and Seasonal Agricultural Worker Programs—for example, by granting access to MSI—and grow the domestic workforce.				
Active transportatio n and transit	Moving to a well-connected public transit network across the province that is affordable or free.	Develop a provincial active transportation strategy and explore options to help deliver	Provide funding to municipal transport services to provide free public transit and develop	We will promote and invest in active transit to improve the quality of life for citizens across the province.	NDP: The commitments are in line with EAC asks however, we would like to see this costed.

Providing sustainable funding to make community transit affordable and connected.

Considering options for commuter rail.

Prioritizing public and community transportation in COVID-19 recovery spending.

Building the Blue Route active transit network by 2030.

Funding and supporting programs that make personal active transportation infrastructure available and accessible. This could be municipal bike share programs and programs that connect low-income people with bicycles, bicycle and road safety support, and other active transportation equipment.

more active transportation options, such as walking trails, cycling paths and other forms of active mobility, which are a complementary tool that can reduce reliance on cars and provide healthy transportation alternatives.

We will invest \$100,000 into active transportation in each of our 18 counties for a total of \$1,800,000.

free public transit across the province

Rebuild the provincial rail service to provide rapid, efficient, and affordable transportation across the province and ensure that it is connected to the rest of Canada

Remove barriers for community public transit systems to operate on a regional (across municipal lines) basis

Serve every community of more than 1000 people in Nova Scotia by minimumtwice daily bus service, connecting it to neighbouring communities and regional centres

Work with municipalities, towns, and counties to focus on developing complete communities including improving active transportation infrastructure, revitalizing downtowns and commercial areas, and improving public/community

PC:

The commitment to a provincial active transportation strategy is good. However, the funding commitment is inadequate. \$100,000 would build approximately 6km of painted bike lanes; or 0.7km of protected bike lane; or 0.5km of paved multi-use trail; or <1 active transportation overpass

Green:

Specifics on transit and community transit are positive, including allowing community transit services to operate across municipal and county lines, free municipal and provincial transit, and working with municipalities to support transit and active transportation-oriented development.

Twice daily service for communities of over 1,000 people as a minimum level of service is a good start, however frequencies that low have little tolerance for error, preventing transit from being a viable option for many.

The cost of rebuilding provincial rail is too high relative to potential ridership. Passenger service could be returned to surviving tracks between Wolfville, Halifax, Truro, New Glasgow, Antigonish, Port Hawkesbury, and Sydney, but inter-community electric bus service on 100-series highways may be faster and more cost effective.

			transit in rural, urban, and suburban areas Increase access to carbon neutral forms of transportation (public transit, cycling, walking) and encourage their use through	
Climate Adaptation	Establishing a fund for climate adaptation projects that would create local jobs and protect municipal infrastructure.	The province will build climate change adaptive capacity and resilience by prioritizing climate adaptation across every government department and ensuring that all Nova Scotia municipalities have sufficient resources to take immediate and long-term action on their adaptation priorities. This will largely be administrative in nature and adapting the mindset of every government department.	Direct resources in all provincial government departments towards adapting to climate change and provide adequate financial and resource support to municipalities for mitigation and adaptation to climate change	General: NS needs to take climate adaptation seriously. We need coordination on adaptation issues. Many municipalities are struggling with similar issues and should be working together and given support for coordination in order to respond to federal funding calls for adaptation action. We also need to ensure the Coastal Protection Act regulations are strong and put into force as soon as possible. We want to see discussions around nature based climate solutions, and committing to the better protection of wetlands as a means of both climate adaptation and mitigation NDP and PC: Not much information about how they plan on engaging in climate adaptation. Green: The resource and financial allocation to communities is positive, as is consideration for both mitigation and adaptation. We would like to know more details about the resource

					support and to see inclusion of nature based climate solutions.
Affordable Housing ¹	1000 new units in 4 years Supporting a permanent Housing Trust (municipal, provincial and	Conduct an inventory of Nova Scotia Crown land and tender eligible properties for the	Immediately implement rent control and consider rent control long term		NDP: Good, ambitious targets
	private resources pooled to support NP/co-op housing providers) Enabling municipalities to require affordable housing through inclusionary zoning. Strengthening the regulation of short-term rentals	development of affordable housing units. Implement a 5% deed transfer tax and property levy of \$2/\$100 of assessed property value for property buyers who do not pay Nova Scotia income tax.	Make 100% of social housing Net Zero Energy Ready (NZER) by 2030 Increase supply and mix of affordable housing Create a long-term affordable housing strategy with climate and equity lens		PC: Conservative position is interesting but we are unsure how many "eligible properties" the NS government owns right now for affordable housing. In general we do not support government selling public lands to developers. Green:
					The commitment to rent control is positive, but they ideally would be committing long-term. Increased supply is also positive, but they are not specifying numbers.
Healthy Ecosystems	_				stems we all rely on. This means increasing en-pit gold mines, open net pen aquaculture and
Protected Areas	Protecting Nova Scotia's natural places, which attract visitors from all over the world to our rural communities. The NDP would protect the remaining areas of the Parks and Protected Areas Plan, including Owls Head, and consult with the public and Mi'kmaw communities about	20% of total land and water mass will be protected for conservation by 2030, including Indigenous protected and conserved areas	Prioritize protecting natural areas in Nova Scotia through legally protecting at least 17% of the total landmass of Nova Scotia for nature conservation by 2025, and at least 20% by 2030. This Protected Areas network will now include Indigenous Protected and Conserved Areas	Nova Scotia is beautiful. We want to protect our province by preserving our environment and promoting sustainability And we're protecting our ecosystems, too – approaching our goal of designating 14 percent of our province as protected areas. The time for	NDP: Promise to protect remaining sites in the Parks & Protected Areas Plan, including Owls Head Provincial Park, is positive. Commitment to mirror the federal protection target of 30% by 2030 which is very good Does not specifically address water or wetlands. PC:

¹ Note: The full range of affordable housing commitments are not analyzed, as many are outside of our areas of expertise. We have focused on the commitments that most intersect with the environment and development.

		action is now – and we know	Commitment to finish protecting sites from
During the CBC Leaders Election	Immediately cancel the sale of	it.	Parks and Protected Areas plan (14%) and
Debate on July 28 th , NDP leader	Owl's Head Provincial Park		commitment to protect 20% land and water by
Gary Burrill committed to 30%			2030. These are very good, ambitious targets,
land protection by 2030.	Enact legislation to strengthen		aligned with what EAC is asking for. There is no
	the protection of our land, air		mention of Owls Heads Provincial Park.
	and water		Inclusion of water mass is positive. No
			indication if wetlands are included in this
	Enact legislation to strengthen		specific commitment or if they are just referring
	the protection of other		to lakes, rivers, streams, etc. Overall, PC is the
	species that share the		only party to address freshwater protection.
	environment with us		
			Green:
	Establish strong links across		There is a strong recognition that biodiversity
	provincial government		needs to be protected, including through
	departments to ensure that		protected areas, and that this must be work
	the policy framework and the		that spans government departments. Their
	regulations relevant to natural		protected areas target is in line with what EAC
	resource utilization and		is asking for. Also positive is the recognition
	management plans for		that the unequal sharing of economic benefits
	protected areas address		should no longer pressure rural communities to
	biodiversity, water, soils and		accept destructive, industrial-scale projects, the
	other natural resources in a		strong support for Two-Eye Seeing in natural
	holistic manner as well as the		resource management and Land Back
	resource specific		movement (management of Crown land by the
	considerations		Mi'kmaw), and recognition of IPCAs. They
			would also cancel the sale of Owls Head. Very
	Ensure the social and		positive to see a commitment to strengthen
	economic needs of rural		freshwater protection, ideally this will include
	communities are fairly		wetland protection but it is not specified.
	addressed by equitable		
	sharing of resources, and no		Liberal:
	area is open to the pressures		14% amounts to protecting the remaining sites
	of accepting an unwanted		outlined in the Parks & Protected Areas plan.

			development because of economic desperation Work cooperatively with Land Trusts, Indigenous communities, African Nova Scotian communities, Acadian communities, Youth, and other groups to secure Nova Scotia's natural spaces and public access to shorelines for present and future generations Protect sensitive coastal ecosystems, and enhance the buffering capacity of our coasts		Although welcome, this is not a particularly ambitious target given our national target of 30% protection by 2030. There is no mention of additional protected areas beyond 14% or restoring Owls Head Provincial Park which is disappointing. All: None mention working with the federal government to achieve marine protection targets in Nova Scotian waters and to ensure there is no oil and gas exploration allowed in these areas
Forestry	Fully implementing the Lahey Report without delay. Implementing a moratorium on clearcutting on Crown lands until the Forest Management Guides are complete and Crown lands are divided in the triad model as outlined in the Lahey Report. Supporting forestry research and development that will improve Nova Scotia's ability to use local wood products for retrofitting for energy efficiency, building	Fully implement the Lahey Report on Forest Practices.	Immediately implement the Lahey Report and work with researchers, forestry leaders, community organizers, and residents to build even more sustainable forestry practices Dramatically reduce clearcutting of forests in Nova Scotia and work towards eliminating clearcutting as a forestry practice Require all Crown land in the province allocated for harvest	Fully implement the Lahey Report on Forest Practices. "Part of this means helping our traditional industries to innovate and adapt – like seeing agriculture and forestry grow more sustainably."	All: All parties have committed to fully implement the Lahey Report on Forest Practices. This is positive. None of them mentions removing biomass from the Renewable Electricity Standards. Green: The commitments to require Crown land to be FSC certified, ban glyphosate in forestry, and ban biomass for export and for electricity generation are all positive.

	affordable and net-zero homes, and sequestering carbon.		to be Forest Stewardship Council certified		
	Ensuring that any plans for retrofitting buildings and updating building codes would		Ban the use of glyphosate in agriculture and forestry		
	create opportunities for manufacturing more local products from our forestry industry, while meeting our targets for climate change and sustainable forestry practices.		Ban the use of forest biomass for the purpose of electricity generation both domestically and abroad (i.e. exporting)		
	Supporting private woodlot owners to explore carbon-capture credits.				
	Increasing funding for silviculture work with an emphasis on restoring biodiversity.				
Aquaculture	Fully implementing the Doelle- Lahey report and supporting sustainable aquaculture projects such as land-based and shellfish.	Support for low-impact, sustainable aquaculture. Suggests implementing the	Consult coastal communities on the overhaul of the regulation of aquaculture in Nova Scotia	Liberal candidate for Chester- St. Margaret's acknowledges the platform doesn't address aquaculture; says, "My own personal position on this	NDP: The support for regenerative aquaculture, such as shellfish, and support for finfish farms on land is positive and in line with EAC's position,
	Advocating for a federal aquaculture act that does not create two sets of rules for our coasts.	"Red, Yellow, Green" Doelle- Lahey system to establish new fish farm sites and "take decisions out of the Minister's hands".	Address legitimate concerns, guided by the ideal of aquaculture that is low impact and high value, integrating	particular issue is every effort should be made to try to find ways to make the inshore fishery work. And that means bringing the fish farming	as is advocating for similar standards for both coasts. NDP recognizes the importance of community led development and social license. It is not clear if they're committed to transition open net pens out of water.
	Ensuring that communities have the ability to say no to open-net pen fish farms.	Recognizes the federal decision to move fish out of the water in B.C., says such a	economic prosperity, social well-being and environmental sustainability	ashore. We know that bringing fish farming ashore provides food security. It also provides infrastructure and it provides a	PC: The support for low-impact, sustainable

			Francisco that a superclassic		annon litura in positive. They make quiting of
		move may be "inevitable" for	Ensure that aquaculture	safe means to interact with the environment." ²	aquaculture is positive. They note options of
		NS.	practices guard the health of	environment. 2	moratorium or transition.
			wild salmon, i.e., prevent		Constant
		Intends to open up discussion	escapes		Green:
		with NS stakeholders to			Clear commitment to phase out open net pen
		decide between (1) a	Implement an immediate		finfish farming, as well as reduction of other
		moratorium on open net pen	moratorium on the expansion		impacts of current system that other parties did
		aquaculture with transitional	of open-pen finfish		not mention. Additionally, they commit to
		support for land-based finfish	aquaculture in Nova Scotia		support for regenerative aquaculture and note
		or (2) "revamping" the current	waters and immediately phase		the importance of wild salmon.
		licensing system to better	out open-pen finfish farming		
		reflect environmental	with the aim of completely		Liberal: Does not address
		concerns.	phasing it out by 2025		
			,		
			Develop further self-contained		
			alternatives to the current		
			practices, including improved		
			feed production and related		
			industries		
			maderies		
			Expand more sustainable		
			aquaculture industries, like		
			shellfish farm production		
Fisheries	Drotacting the fisheries ha		Sheilish lathi production		NDP:
ristieties	Protecting the fisheries by continuing to support the owner-				Owner-operator model, small-scale fisheries,
	operator model in the inshore				and value adding/market diversification are
	fishery.				good targets to have.
	nonci y.				Additionally, small-scale guidelines are very
					important and long overdue

 $^{^2\,}https://www.halifaxexaminer.ca/province-house/liberal-candidate-jacob-killawee-tried-to-sell-himself-as-a-critic-of-the-aquaculture-industry-but-potential-voters-werent-buying/$

	Working with the fisheries sector to identify provincial goals and create a plan to implement the "Voluntary Guidelines for Securing Sustainable Small-Scale Fisheries in the Context of Food Security and Poverty Eradication." Including Nova Scotia fisheries products as part of school food menus. Continuing to diversify Nova Scotia's markets for fish. Consulting with fishing and angling groups to explore opportunities for expanding recreational fishing in the province.			The focus on value add options through product diversification and options for recreational fishing is positive PC: Do not address. Green: Do not address
Environment al Assessment	Overhauling the environmental assessments system.	The province will update its environmental impact assessment process to consider the cumulative impacts of any development that would potentially affect wetlands, rivers, lakes or other aquatic environments. This initiative can be undertaken by an amendment to the Environmental Assessment	Update the environmental impact assessment process to consider the cumulative impacts of any development that would potentially affect wetlands, rivers, lakes, or other aquatic environments	NDP, PC, Green: Commitment to updating/overhauling the environmental assessment process is positive; however, we would like more details in order to see what that entails for each party. PC and Green: Specific mention of wetlands and freshwater is positive. Specific mention of cumulative impacts being considered is positive

		Regulations.				
No one left behind	What we're calling for: We must ensure that all our communities are given the support they need to thrive, and that we all benefit from the transition to a green economy. This means creating thousands of good, green jobs and a just transition for workers, updating environmental decision-making processes to include a race-equity lens and ensuring all provincial laws are consistent with the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (UNDRIP).					
Green Jobs	Immediately establishing a Green Jobs Task Force to guide the transformation of Nova Scotia's economy into a sustainable one while creating thousands of green jobs. This task force will include representatives from (see website for lengthy list)	The province will actively encourage green businesses to relocate to the province and will provide funding credits for green businesses start ups. Work with small businesses across the province and in all sectors to get their feedback on all potential ways to further support them in taking actions to reduce emissions, including through rebates, targeted investments and other supports.	Create at least 15,000 new Green Jobs annually every year between now and 2030		NDP & PC: Both have interesting ideas, but hard to assess without more details. Green: This is an ambitious target that can be achieved through the other targets noted in other sections of the Green Party Platform.	
Environment al Racism	Systematically addressing instances of environmental racism across the province.	Update existing environmental decision-making process to include diversity, inclusion and equity.	Work with the other parties to pass the Environmental Racism bill and work with municipalities and African Nova Scotian & Mi'kmaq communities to eliminate environmental racism across the province Immediately establish an Environmental Equity working group to address inequities in		NDP, PC: Positive, though vague Green: The most thorough and specific platform commitments to end environmental racism.	

environmental stewardship
and climate mitigation and
adaptation
Work with Mi'kmaq leaders to
create a Land Back program
that will return the
management and stewardship
of all crown lands to Mi'kmaq
communities and create a
process for residents of the
province to return the
stewardship of their land back
to Mi'kmaq communities
Integrate a Climate Justice
lens for all government policy
and departments
Create a Climate Justice
working group that brings an
anti-racist and anti-oppressive
lens to all policies and
programs
Work with the federal
government to fully
implement the
recommendations of the
Truth and Reconciliation
Commission, the Missing and
Murdered Women, Girls, and
Two-Spirit Peoples report, and
the United Nations
the Office Nations

Declaration on the Rights of	
Indigenous Peoples	
Immediately acknowledge the	
right of Mi'kmaq people to	
have decision-making	
authority over the use of land	
and resources covered by the	
Peace & Friendship treaties,	
including Nova Scotia, thereby	
setting up a system of co-	
management of all Crown and	
other public lands where no	
decision on the use or	
disposition of public land is	
made without the prior	
informed consent of Mi'kmaq	
people	
By 2023, ensure that the laws	
of Nova Scotia are consistent	
with the United Nations	
Declaration on the Rights of	
Indigenous Peoples and	
implemented accordingly	
Support government data	
aggregation and initiatives like	
the ENRICH Project which	
assess equity disparities for	
Nova Scotians (ex.	
environmental racism	
statistics)	

Other	Introducing an Environmental Bill	Toughest penalties in Canada	Enact an environmental bill of	NDP:
	of Rights which would give	for individual and corporate	rights enshrining the principle	Environmental Bill of Rights is positive. EAC has
	communities more control over	littering	of a basic human right to a	been a member of the coalition calling for this
	projects that are proposed in		healthy environment	in the past and would welcome this bill.
	their communities.	Nova Scotia has one of the		
		strongest recycling programs	Support the creation of	
		in North America. With the	financially accessible and	PC:
		heavy focus on the	culturally appropriate mental	While littering is a problem, more important is
		importance of our	health resources and services	reducing waste at the source and extended
		environment, there is an	for young Nova Scotians	producer responsibility, neither of which are
		opportunity to leverage	experiencing the mental ill-	mentioned.
		that mindset to attract	effects of the climate and	
		visitors, migrants and	ecological emergency	The Funding Navigator service, as described, is
		companies to Nova Scotia, to		covered by federal staff and risks redundancy.
		say they live	Enact legislation to protect	However, there is a role for additional supports
		in or operate business in the	our oceans, lakes, rivers and	around funding coordination for, for example,
		most recycle-friendly	streams from pollution,	smaller municipalities assessing federal
		jurisdiction in North America.	inappropriate development	programs for climate adaptation and building
			and climate change hazards	retrofits.
		The province will actively		
		pursue federal funding	Exclude water from all trade	Green:
		programs that enhance	agreements	Environmental Bill of Rights is positive. EAC has
		environmental		been a member of the coalition calling for this
		and economic sustainability	Ban bulk water export from	in the past and would welcome this bill.
		and commit to working in	Nova Scotia	Green party is only party with comprehensive
		partnership with		platform addressing clean water and air, and
		municipalities,	Promote water conservation	extended producer responsibility.
		First Nations, businesses,	and water-efficient	
		community groups and non	technologies	All Parties:
		profit organizations to		No one has mentioned environmental and
		continue to	Expand the availability of	climate accountability mechanisms or green
		position Nova Scotia as a	public water fountains to	strings for industry seeking funding. These are
		world leader in sustainable	discourage the need and use	significant omissions.
		development.	of bottled water	

	T	1	
		Reduce solid waste disposal rate by 50% below 2020 levels by 2030 and achieve zero plastic waste by 2030 Work with the Divert Nova Scotia and federal and municipal governments to enhance manufacturers' responsibility for the lifetime stewardship of their product	
		Ban all single-use plastics in	
		Nova Scotia businesses and	
		institutions	
Projected	7.4 million	Conduct a thorough review of	NDP: Not yet costed.
Cost		the government budget, and	
	Breakdown of costs	look for inefficiencies with a	Liberal: No information
	- \$5 million grant to	target goal of finding 5% of	
	encourage the	the total budget that can be	PC:
	development of eco-friendly	moved to Green initiatives	Inadequate. \$7.4 million represents 1.3% of the
	buildings. In order to qualify		\$553 million in PC platform commitments.
	for the grant, the applicant		Details follow
	must meet		
	certain funding criteria to be		Eco Friendly Building Grant:
	developed to ensure projects		\$5 Million dollars to provide grants for the
	are value-adds for a broad		development of eco-friendly buildings is not
	spectrum		enough. According to the EAC electricity report
	of their community. For		published in 2019, an annual investment of
	example, an affordable		\$265 million would be required to ensure that
	housing development may		all commercial and institutional buildings would
	receive priority		have a deep energy retrofit completed by 2030.
	Funding.		A Deep Energy retrofit that the EAC completed

-we will invest \$100,000 into active transportation in each		on its own 3 floor office building in 2016 required over \$650,000 in direct construction
of our 18		costs (not including volunteer hours, and other
counties for a total of		project management costs).
\$1,800,000.		,
-dedicate a funding navigator		AT funding:
for green		\$100,000 would build approximately
projects within the		6km of painted bike lanes; or
Department of Environment.		0.7km of protected bike lane; or
We will invest \$65,000		0.5km of paved multi-use trail; or
annually in this role for		<1 active transportation overpass
salary and associated		
expenses.		EV charging stations:
		L2 charging stations are for personal use (take a
(1) Renewed Leadership		few hours to charge) and cost between \$700-
EV Charging Stations \$262,500		1200 plus installation (estimated at \$300)
Eco-Friendly Building Grant		L3 charging stations are for public use (charge a
\$5,000,000		vehicle in ~20 minutes) and cost between
Active Transportation Fund		\$50,000-\$100,000
\$1,800,000		This funding, at 50% cost share, supports either
Funding Navigator \$65,000		350-524 L2 chargers or 4-10 L3 chargers.
Total Renewed Leadership		If we wanted even 10% EVs on the road by
Costs \$7,127,500		2025, we would need 6000 new EVs per year.
(2) Department of		
Environment		Green:
Expert Panels \$200,000		Expenses in 2021 NS budget were 12.4 billion.
Discretionary Funding for		Five percent equals \$620 million.
Assessments \$50,000		
Total Department Costs		
\$250,000		
Total Costs: \$7,377,500		

News articles covering additional information on positions:

Aquaculture

Halifax Examiner article re: Healthy Bays Network event (July 21) on open net-pen aquaculture in Blandford (highlights below): https://www.halifaxexaminer.ca/province-house/liberal-candidate-jacob-killawee-tried-to-sell-himself-as-a-critic-of-the-aquaculture-industry-but-potential-voters-werent-buying/

- PC candidate for Chester-St. Margaret's call for full implementation of Doelle-Lahey Aquaculture report, opposes open net-farm fish farming: "Open-pen farming is not compatible with the existing uses of our bays and harbours..."
- **Liberal** candidate for Chester-St. Margaret's **acknowledges the platform doesn't address aquaculture**; says, "My own personal position on this particular issue is every effort should be made to try to find ways to make the inshore fishery work. And that means bringing the fish farming ashore. We know that bringing fish farming ashore provides food security. It also provides infrastructure and it provides a safe means to interact with the environment."
- NDP candidate for Chester-St. Margaret's opposes open net-pens: "The industry has some serious problems. They have no social licence, no permission from us, the people of Nova Scotia, to put their pens in our waters... It's our environment that suffers. It's our quality of life that is affected..."
- Green candidate for Chester-St. Margaret's opposes open net-pen aquaculture: "... it is clear today that... the salmon farming industry cannot be fixed through regulation."

Highway Twinning

• Liberal commitment to twinning the 104 from Antigonish to Port Hawkesbury, and the 103 from Hubbards to Bridgewater

https://www.cbc.ca/news/canada/nova-scotia/nova-scotia-election-long-term-care-small-business-highway-twinning-1.6111117

Northern Pulp

• Liberals, NDP, and PC all oppose government funding for Northern Pulp

https://www.cbc.ca/news/canada/nova-scotia/election-northern-pulp-liberals-pc-ndp-rankin-houston-burrill-1.6116051